

NEW COMBINATIONS IN WEDELIA JACQ. (ASTERACEAE)

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This note is presented here to validate publication of two names to be used in the Flora of Guatemala (Fieldiana, Botany).

Wedelia pinetorum (Standley & Steyermark) K. Becker, comb. nov.

Zexmenia pinetorum Standley & Steyermark, Publ. Field Mus. Nat. Hist., Bot. Ser. 23(3):149. 1944.

Wedelia hispida HBK. var. ramosissima (Greenman) K. Becker, comb. nov.

Zexmenia hispida (HBK.) A. Gray ramosissima Greenman, Publ. Field Columbian Mus., Bot. Ser. 3(2):127. 1904.

Zexmenia hispida (HBK.) A. Gray var. ramosissima Greenman, Proc. Amer. Acad. Arts 41(7):165. 1905.

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NOTES ON NEW AND NOTEWORTHY PLANTS. LXXVII

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CITHAREXYLUM TRISTACHYUM f. URBANII (O. E. Schulz) Moldenke, stat. nov.

Citharexylum urbanii O. E. Schulz in Fedde, Repert. Nov. Spec. 5: 193--194. 1908.

xCITHAREXYLUM LEONIS Moldenke, hybr. nov.

Arbor, foliis anguste ellipticis 4.5--11 cm. longis 1--2.7 cm. latis utrinque glabris apice abrupte acutis minutissime mucromulatis; racemis axillaribus parvis numerosis 4--5 cm. longis foliis brevioribus vel subaequantibus saepe bi- vel tri-ramosis.

A tree, the leaves decussate-opposite, narrowly elliptic, 4.5--11 cm. long, 1--2.7 cm. wide, entire, abruptly acute and mostly very minutely mucromulate at the apex, glabrous on both surfaces, cuneate-attenuate into the petiole at the base and there more or less invaginated to enclose two very narrow and inconspicuous glands; racemes axillary, numerous toward the apex of the branches, small, 4--5 cm. long, mostly shorter than or subequalling the subtending leaves, often 2- or 3-branched.

The type of this apparent natural hybrid between C. caudatum L. and C. tristachyum Turcz. was collected by Joseph Sylvestre Sauget